

TOSHIBA BIPOLAR LINEAR INTEGRATED CIRCUIT SILICON MONOLITHIC

# **TA31136F, TA31136FN**

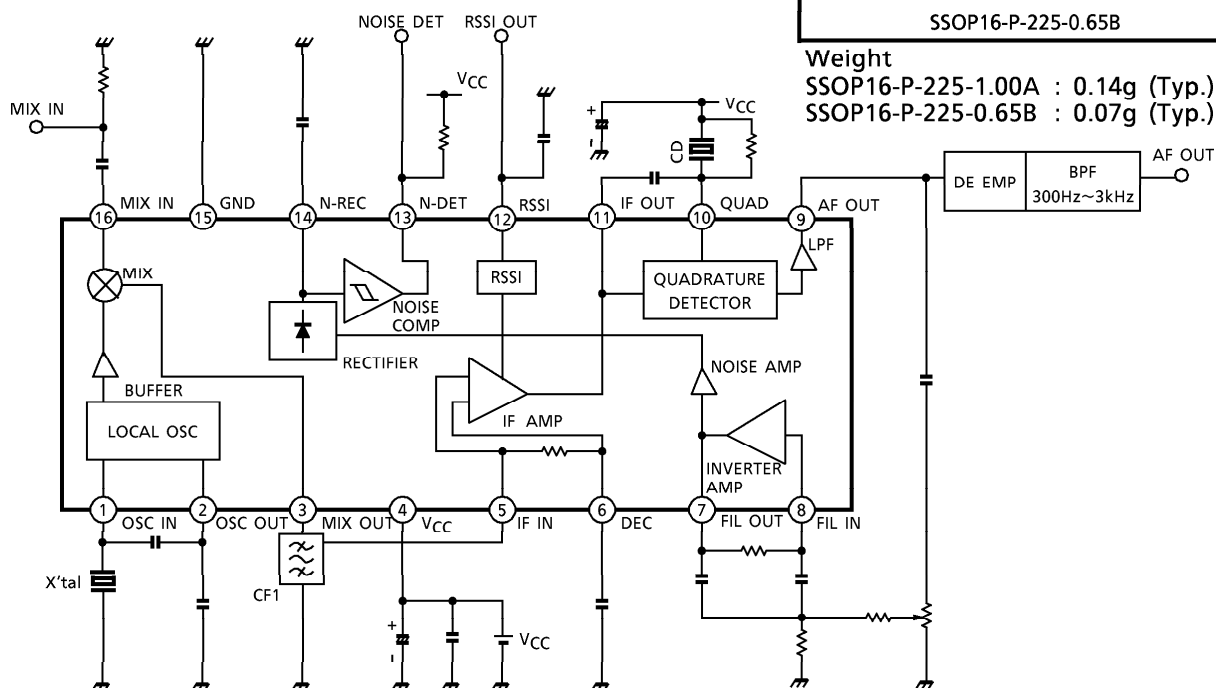
## **FM IF DETECTOR IC FOR CORDLESS TELEPHONE**

Low operation voltage FM IF detector IC. This IC is suitable for cordless telephone.

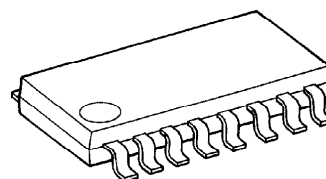
### **FEATURES**

- Low operating voltage :  $V_{CC} = 1.8 \sim 5.5V$
- Excellent temperature characteristics
- High sensitivity  
12dB sensitivity :  $11dB\mu V$  EMF (Input  $50\Omega$ )
- High intercept point :  $96dB\mu V$  (Input  $50\Omega$ )
- Quadrature detector, both ceramic and coil discriminators are usable
- Built-in 2nd MIX  
Operating frequency :  $10 \sim 100MHz$
- Built-in noise detection circuit
- RSSI function
- Very small package

### **BLOCK DIAGRAM**

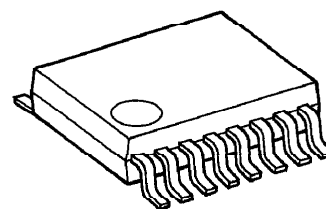


TA31136F



SSOP16-P-225-1.00A

TA31136FN



SSOP16-P-225-0.65B

### **Weight**

SSOP16-P-225-1.00A : 0.14g (Typ.)

SSOP16-P-225-0.65B : 0.07g (Typ.)

961001EBA2

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**PIN FUNCTION** (The values of resistor and capacitor are typical.)

| PIN No. | PIN NAME        | FUNCTION                                                                                                                                                                                  | INTERNAL EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT |
|---------|-----------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 1       | OSC IN          | Local oscillator input and output terminals.<br>Colpitts oscillator is formed by internal emitter follower and external X'tal.<br>And external injection is possible from pin 2 or pin 1. |                             |
| 2       | OSC OUT         |                                                                                                                                                                                           |                             |
| 3       | MIX OUT         | MIX output terminal.<br>Output impedance is around 1.8kΩ.                                                                                                                                 |                             |
| 4       | V <sub>CC</sub> | Power supply                                                                                                                                                                              | —                           |
| 5       | IF IN           | 2nd IF input and decoupling for bias.<br>Input impedance is around 1.8kΩ.                                                                                                                 |                             |
| 6       | DEC             |                                                                                                                                                                                           |                             |
| 7       | FIL OUT         | INVERTER AMP input and output terminals.<br>BPF is composed of external capacitors and resistors.<br>Connected internally to rectifier circuit by coupling capacitor.                     |                             |
| 8       | FIL IN          |                                                                                                                                                                                           |                             |
| 9       | AF OUT          | Demodulate signal output terminal.<br>Carrier leak is small as LPF is built-in.<br>Output impedance is around 360Ω.                                                                       |                             |

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- The information contained herein is subject to change without notice.

| PIN No. | PIN NAME | FUNCTION                                                                                                                                                                     | INTERNAL EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT |
|---------|----------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 10      | QUAD     | Phase shift signal input terminal of FM demodulator.                                                                                                                         |                             |
| 11      | IF OUT   | Output terminal of IF AMP.                                                                                                                                                   |                             |
| 12      | RSSI     | This terminal outputs DC level according to input signal level to IF AMP. Dynamic range is around 70dB.                                                                      |                             |
| 13      | N-DET    | The result of noise detection is output by comparing output voltage of N-REC terminal with internal reference. Hysteresis range is about 100mV and output is open collector. |                             |
| 14      | N-REC    | After output of INVERTER AMP amplified around 20dB, noise signal is rectified by external capacitor.                                                                         |                             |
| 15      | GND      | GND terminal.                                                                                                                                                                | —                           |
| 16      | MIX IN   | 1st IF signal input terminal. Input impedance is around 4kΩ at 21.7MHz.                                                                                                      |                             |

## DESCRIPTION

### 1. Local oscillator external injection method

Inject as shown in Figure 1, setting the injection level between  $95\text{dB}\mu\text{V}$  and  $100\text{dB}\mu\text{V}$ . A built-in BUFFER amp. minimizes leakage from the mixer.

Input from pin 1 is possible as shown in Figure 2. However, when the input frequency is high, the level at pin 2 may not be sufficient, causing a decrease in sensitivity.

In such a case, add resistor  $R_{51}$  and set the input signal so that signal level at pin 2 is  $95\sim 100\text{dB}\mu\text{V}$ .

The input capacitance of pins 1 and 2 is respectively  $1.5\text{pF}$  (typ.) and  $4.6\text{pF}$  (typ.).

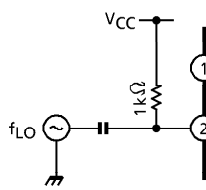


Figure 1

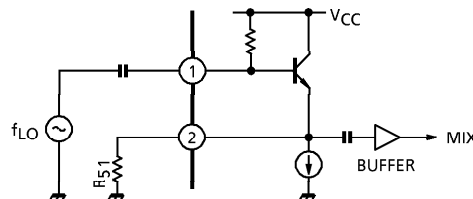


Figure 2

### 2. Overtone oscillation

Figure 3 shows the basic configuration of the local oscillation circuit using overtone oscillation. The  $C_{51}$  and  $L_1$  tuning circuits prevent crystal fundamental oscillation. Therefore, set  $C_{51}$  and  $L_1$  to inductive at the fundamental frequency and capacitive at the overtone frequency.

Since the level at pin 2 may decrease and the sensitivity may fall at high frequency as with external injection, adjust the oscillation level using  $R_{51}$ .

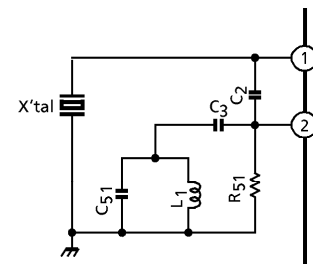


Figure 3

### 3. Detection circuit

Detection stage is quadrature method.

Oscillator is ceramic discriminator on reference application. In case of using coil, connect as shown in Figure 4. In this case, demodulation output  $V_{OD}$  is about  $80\text{mV}_{\text{rms}}$ . Demodulation output can be increased by raising damping resistance  $R_3$ . However, be careful because the temperature dependency of the modulation output also increases.

Center frequency  $f_0$  and demodulation output depends largely on phase shifter and  $C_7$ . For  $C_7$ , use a capacitor with good temperature characteristics.

In case of coil, especially  $C_{101}$ , use a capacitor with good temperature characteristics.

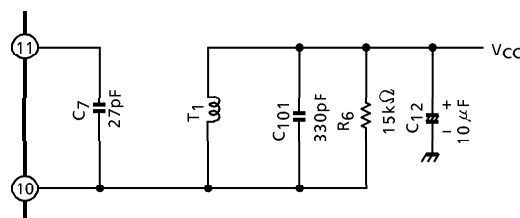


Figure 4

$T_1$  : 5114-JPS-010  
(SUMIDA)

#### 4. Demodulation output distortion factor

Demodulation output distortion factor is about -43dB when ceramic discriminator CDB450C24 used, is about -50dB when coil 5114-JPS-010 used. (IF 100dB $\mu$ V EMF input, measured pin 9 before when input from MIX demodulation output distortion factor depends largely on a ceramic filter band and a group delay characteristic. Select ceramic filter adequately.

#### 5. INVERTER AMP usage

The INVERTER AMP can be used to form a band pass filter as shown in Figure 4.

Set constants as in equations (1) to (3). However, because a low pass filter and a high pass filter are built in, it is recommended that center frequency  $f_0$  be about 30kHz.

$$(1) \quad f_0 = \frac{1}{2\pi\sqrt{R_3(R_4 // R_5)C^2}}$$

$$(2) \quad G_V = R_3 / 2R_4$$

$$(3) \quad Q^2 = \frac{R_3}{4(R_4 // R_5)}$$

at  $R_4 \gg R_p$

Example  $R_3 = 150k\Omega$ ,  $R_4 = 330k\Omega$ ,  
 $R_5 = 3.3k\Omega$ ,  $R_p = 20k\Omega$  (VR)  
 $C = 220pF$  provide ;  
 $f_0 \approx 31kHz$ ,  $G_V \approx -13dB$   
 $Q \approx 12$

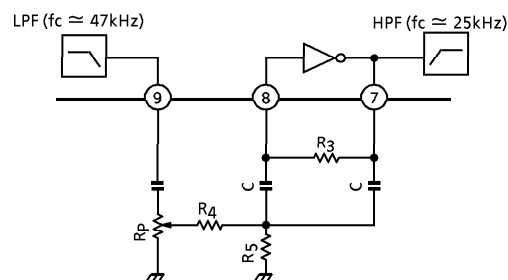


Figure 5

#### 6. Noise detection rise time

The rise time is a proportion of time constant 7.5ms of the smoothing capacitor  $C_g = 0.1\mu F$  of the noise rectifier and internal resistor  $75k\Omega$ . Although decreasing the capacitance of  $C_g$  can shorten the rise time, note that the noise detection output fluctuation may increase. This should be taken into account before use.

7. RSSI function

A DC voltage corresponding to the input level of IF input pins (pin 5) is output to the RSSI pin (P21). While the linear range is about 80dB when  $V_{CC}=2V$ , the range can be expanded to 80dB as in Figure 6.

However, in such a case, note that the temperature characteristics of the RSSI output may alter due to a disparity between the temperature coefficient of the external resistor and the internal resistance of the IC.

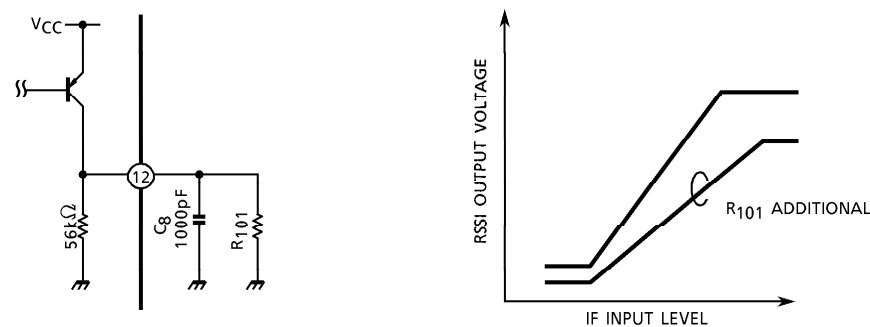


Figure 6

8. DC voltages for pins (Typical values for reference)

$V_{CC}=2.0V$

| PIN No. | PIN NAME | VOLTAGE | PIN No. | PIN NAME | VOLTAGE |
|---------|----------|---------|---------|----------|---------|
| 1       | OCS IN   | 1.98    | 9       | AF OUT   | —       |
| 2       | OSC OUT  | 1.33    | 10      | QUAD     | 2.0     |
| 3       | MIX OUT  | 0.74    | 11      | IF OUT   | 1.14    |
| 4       | $V_{CC}$ | 2.0     | 12      | RSSI     | —       |
| 5       | IF IN    | 1.67    | 13      | N-DET    | —       |
| 6       | DEC      | 1.67    | 14      | N-REC    | —       |
| 7       | FIL OUT  | 0.67    | 15      | GND      | 0.0     |
| 8       | FIL IN   | 0.65    | 16      | MIX IN   | 0.94    |

(UNIT : V)

## MAXIMUM RATINGS (Ta = 25°C)

| CHARACTERISTIC        | SYMBOL                | RATING                       | UNIT |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------|------|
| Supply Voltage        | V <sub>CC</sub>       | 7                            | V    |
| Power Dissipation     | TA31136F<br>TA31136FN | P <sub>D</sub><br>370<br>560 | mW   |
| Operating Temperature | T <sub>opr</sub>      | -30~85                       | °C   |
| Storage Temperature   | T <sub>stg</sub>      | -50~150                      | °C   |

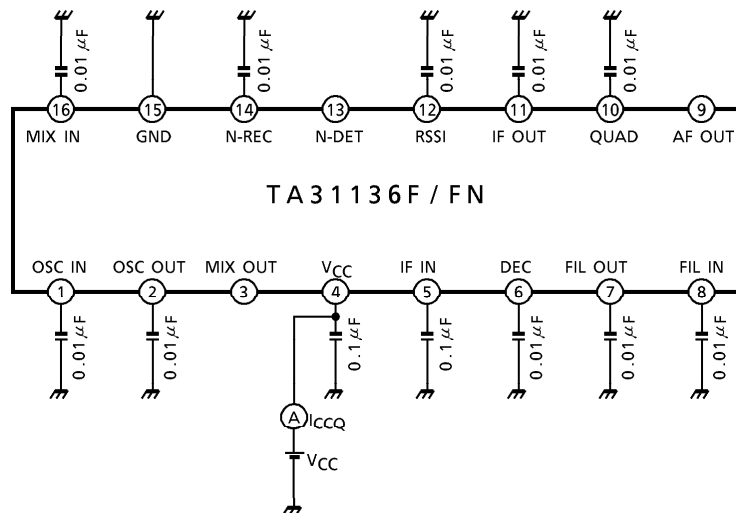
## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

( Unless otherwise specified, V<sub>CC</sub> = 2.0V, f<sub>IN</sub> (MIX) = 21.7MHz, f<sub>IN</sub> (IF) = 450kHz, Δf = ± 1.5kHz, f<sub>MOD</sub> = 1kHz, Ta = 25°C )

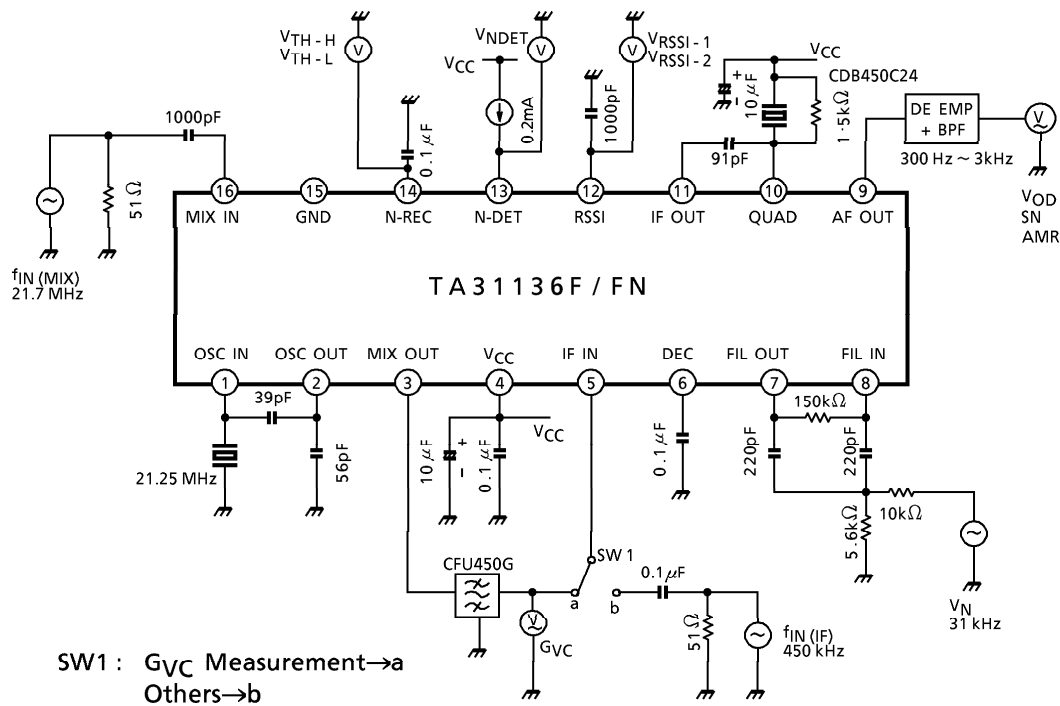
| CHARACTERISTIC                      | SYMBOL                | TEST CIRCUIT      | TEST CONDITION                                                           | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | UNIT              |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|------|------|-------------------|
| Power Supply Voltage                | V <sub>CC</sub>       | —                 | —                                                                        | 1.8  | 2.0  | 5.5  | V                 |
| Current Consumption                 | I <sub>CCQ</sub>      | 1                 | —                                                                        | —    | 3.2  | 4.6  | mA                |
| Mixer Conversion Gain               | G <sub>VC</sub>       | 2                 | Measured through ceramic filter.<br>V <sub>IN</sub> (MIX) = 46dB $\mu$ V | 15   | 18   | 21   | dB                |
| Mixer Intercept Point               | P <sub>IM</sub>       | —                 | Input 50 $\Omega$                                                        | —    | 96   | —    | dB $\mu$ V        |
| Mixer Input Impedance               | R <sub>IN</sub> (MIX) | —                 | —                                                                        | —    | 5.5  | —    | k $\Omega$        |
|                                     | C <sub>IN</sub> (MIX) | —                 |                                                                          | —    | 2.8  | —    | pF                |
| Mixer Output Resistance             | R <sub>O</sub> (MIX)  | —                 | —                                                                        | 1.2  | 1.8  | 2.4  | k $\Omega$        |
| 12dB Sensitivity                    | 12dB SN               | —                 | —                                                                        | —    | 11   | —    | dB $\mu$ V        |
| Demodulation Output Level           | V <sub>OD</sub>       | 2                 | V <sub>IN</sub> (IF) = 80dB $\mu$ V                                      | 70   | 100  | 130  | mV <sub>rms</sub> |
| SN Ratio                            | SN                    | 2                 | V <sub>IN</sub> (IF) = 80dB $\mu$ V                                      | 43   | 65   | —    | dB                |
| AM Rejection Ratio                  | AMR                   | 2                 | V <sub>IN</sub> (IF) = 80dB $\mu$ V, AM = 30%                            | —    | 40   | —    | dB                |
| IF AMP. Input Resistance            | R <sub>IN</sub> (IF)  | —                 | —                                                                        | 1.2  | 1.8  | 2.4  | k $\Omega$        |
| RSSI Output Voltage                 | V <sub>RSSI-1</sub>   | 2                 | V <sub>CC</sub> = 3V                                                     | 200  | 360  | 520  | mV                |
|                                     | V <sub>RSSI-2</sub>   | 2                 |                                                                          |      |      |      |                   |
|                                     |                       |                   | V <sub>IN</sub> (IF) = 30dB $\mu$ V                                      | 1.4  | 2.0  | 2.6  | V                 |
| Noise Detection Output Voltage      | V <sub>NDET</sub>     | 2                 | I <sub>SINK</sub> = 0.2mA                                                | —    | 0.1  | 0.5  | V                 |
| Noise Detection Output Leak Current | I <sub>LEAK</sub>     | —                 | V <sub>NREC</sub> = 0.6V, V <sub>NDET</sub> = 2V                         | —    | 0    | 5    | $\mu$ A           |
| Noise Detection Level               | "H" Level             | V <sub>TH-H</sub> | —                                                                        | —    | 0.5  | 0.7  | V                 |
|                                     | "L" Level             | V <sub>TH-L</sub> |                                                                          | 0.3  | 0.4  | —    |                   |

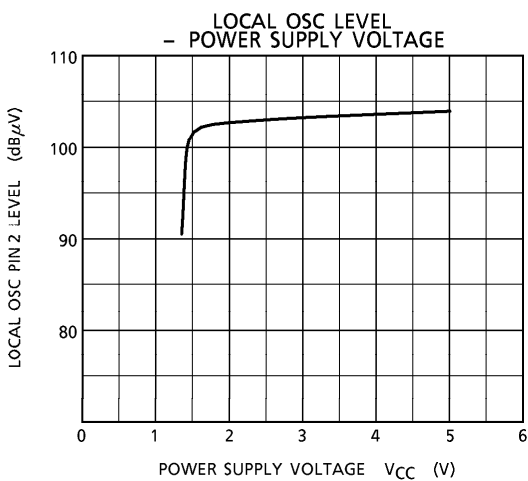
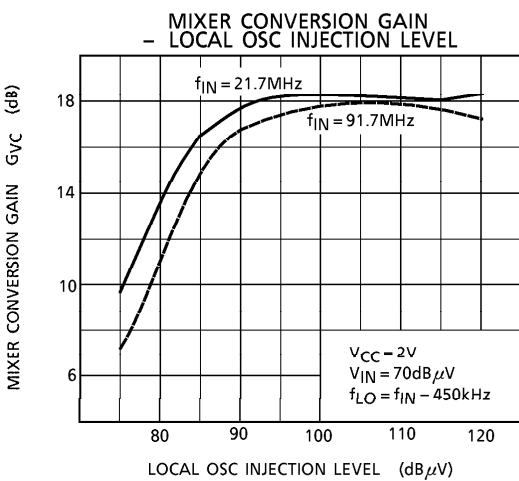
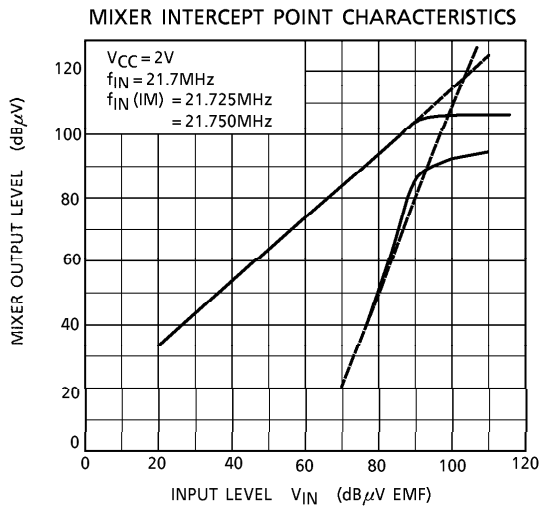
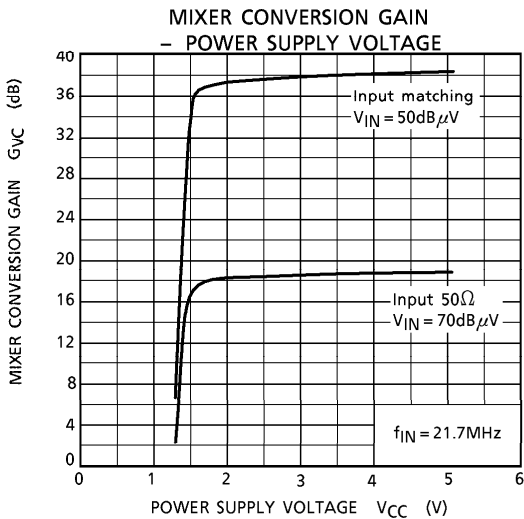
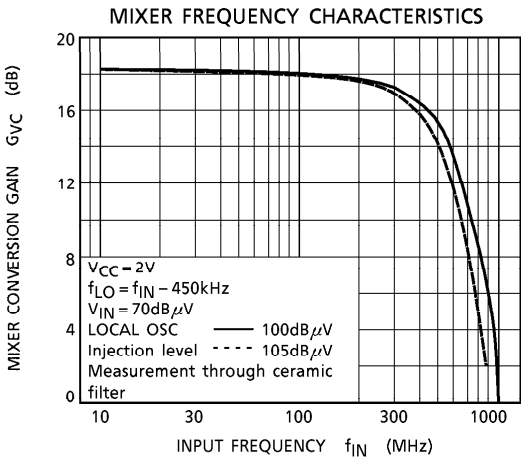
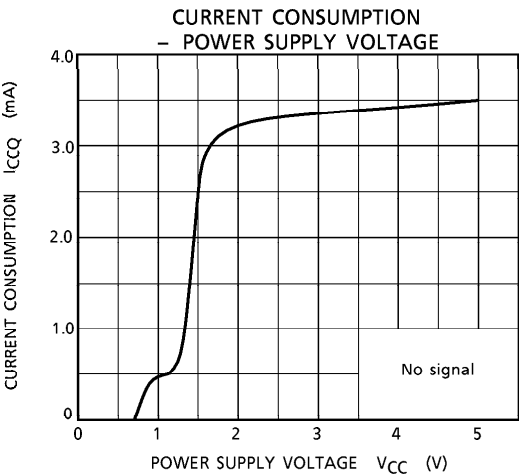
All AC levels are indicated by open level (EMF).

TEST CIRCUIT 1

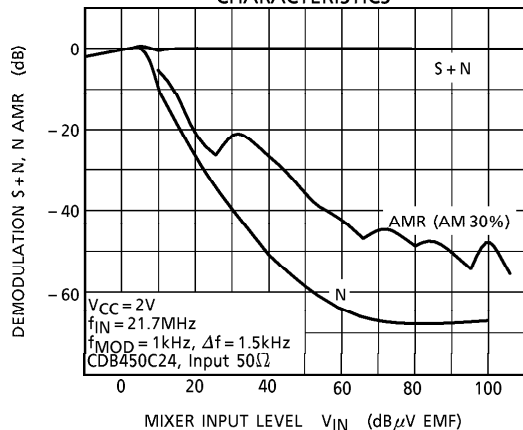
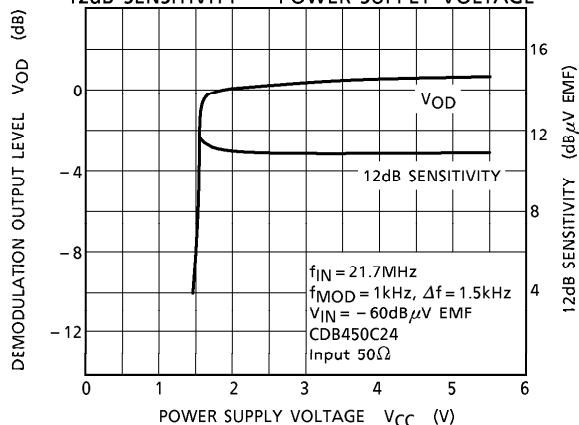


TEST CIRCUIT 2

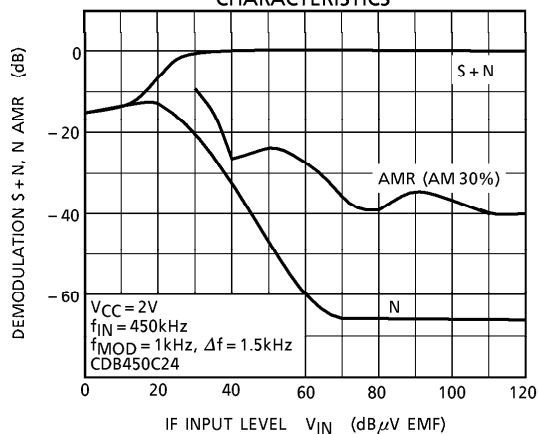




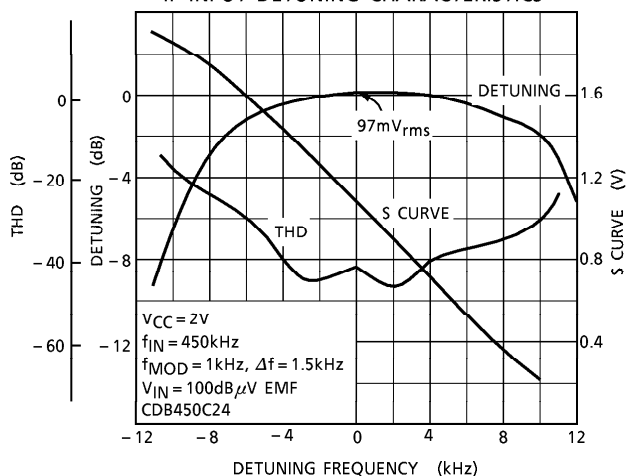
MIXER INPUT DEMODULATION CHARACTERISTICS

DEMULATION OUTPUT LEVEL  $V_{OD}$ , 12dB SENSITIVITY - POWER SUPPLY VOLTAGE

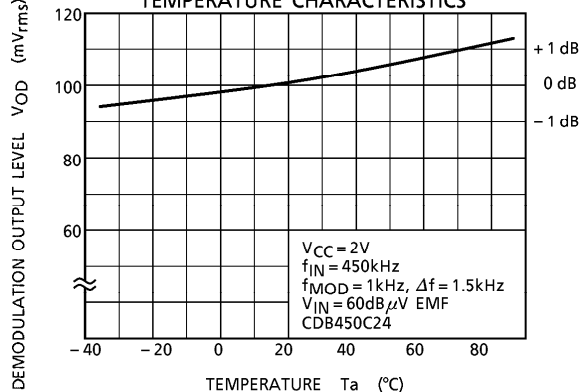
IF INPUT DEMODULATION CHARACTERISTICS



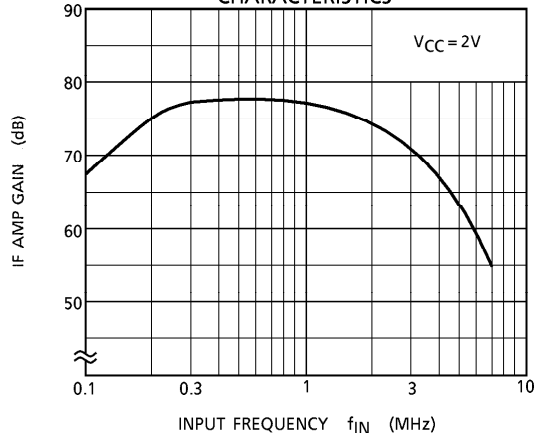
IF INPUT DETUNING CHARACTERISTICS



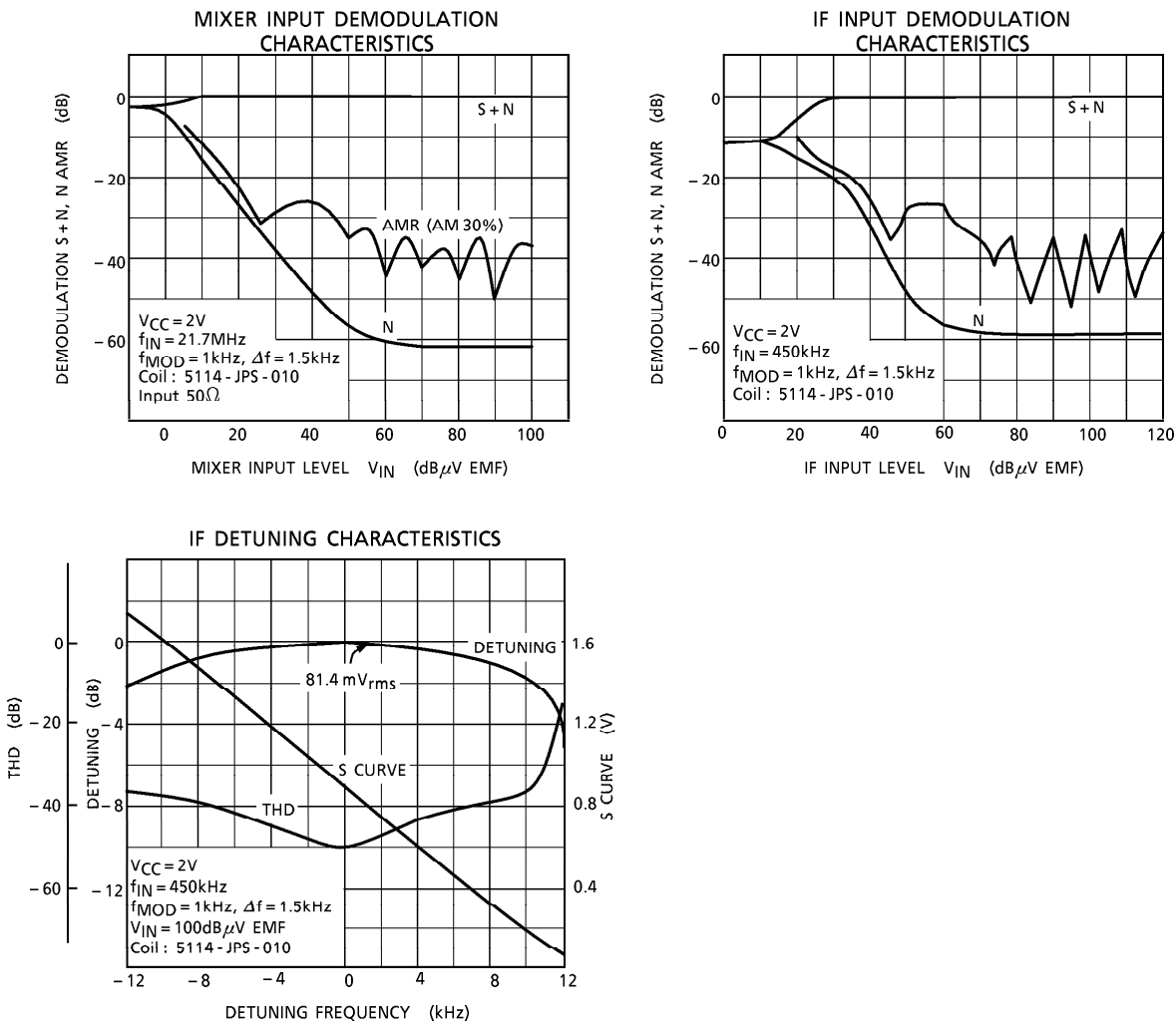
DEMULATION OUTPUT LEVEL TEMPERATURE CHARACTERISTICS

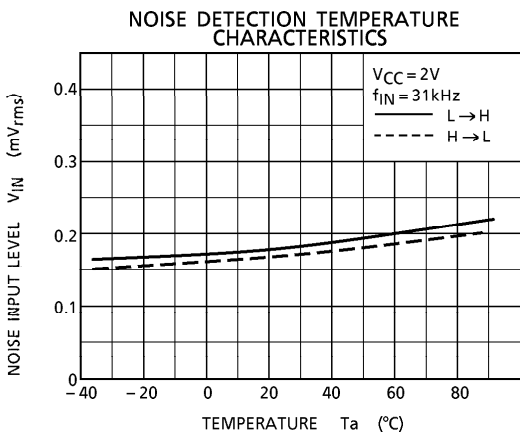
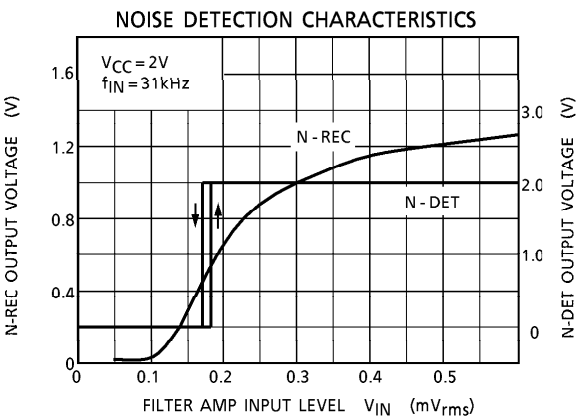
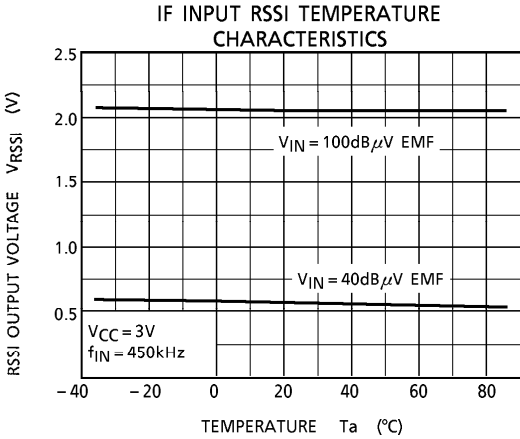
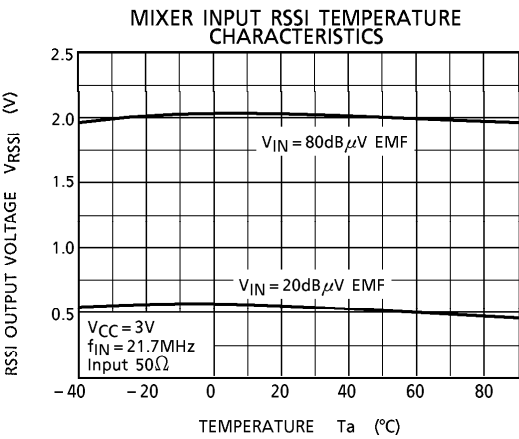
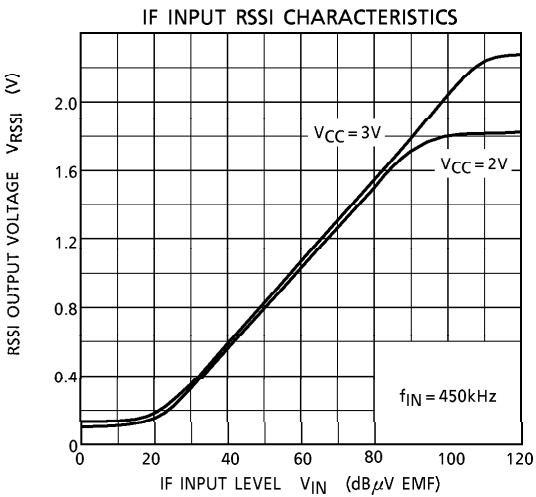
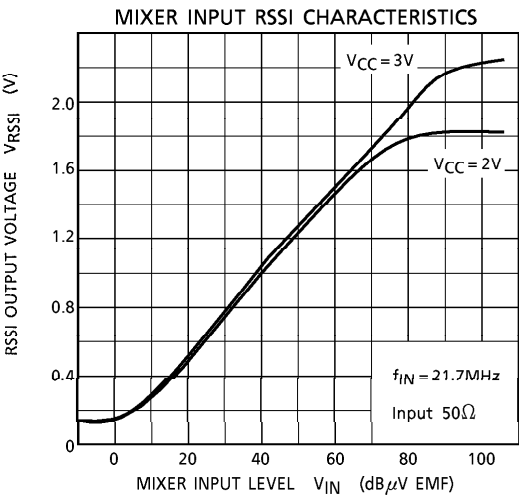


IF AMP GAIN FREQUENCY CHARACTERISTICS

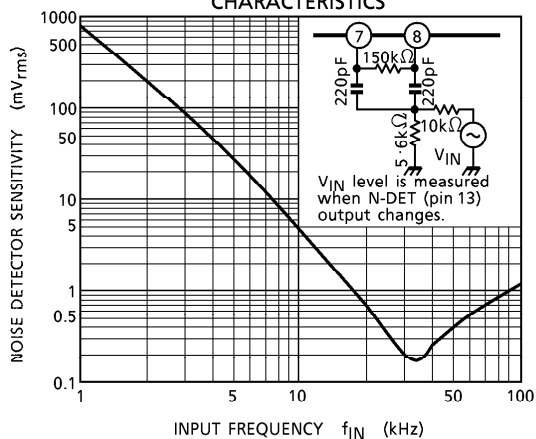


IN COIL DISCRIMINATER USED

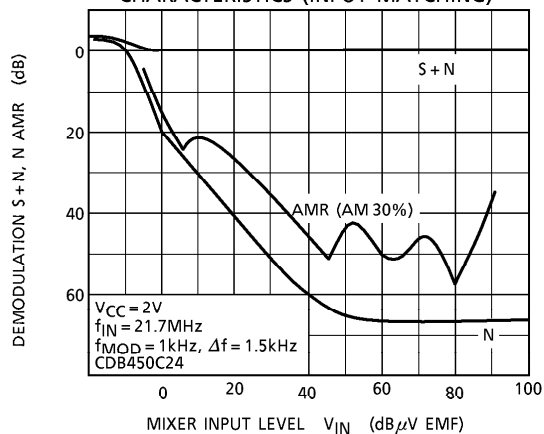




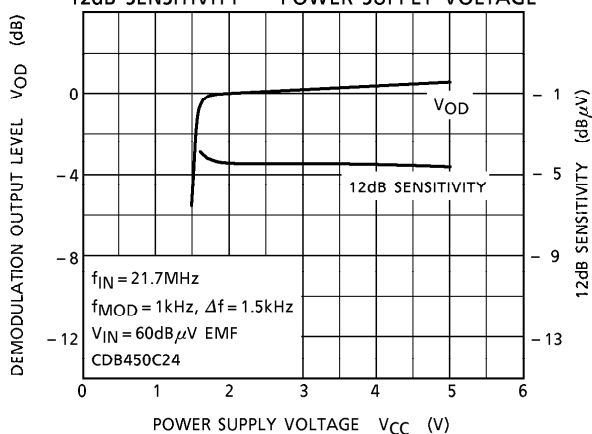
NOISE DETECTION FREQUENCY CHARACTERISTICS



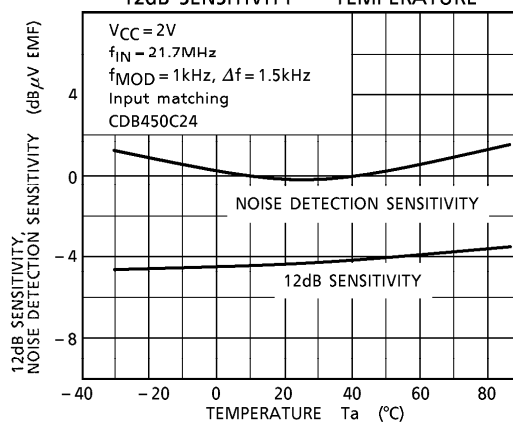
MIXER INPUT DEMODULATION CHARACTERISTICS (INPUT MATCHING)



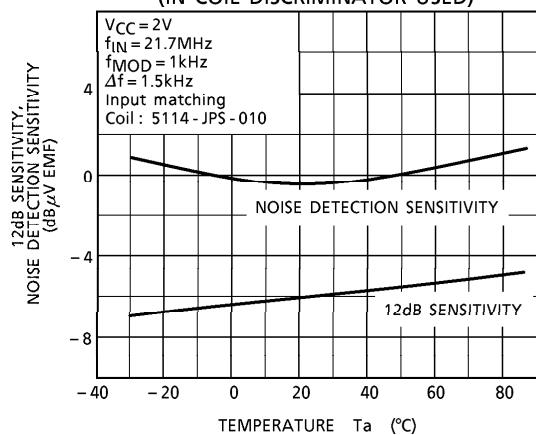
DEMOMULATED OUTPUT 12dB SENSITIVITY - POWER SUPPLY VOLTAGE



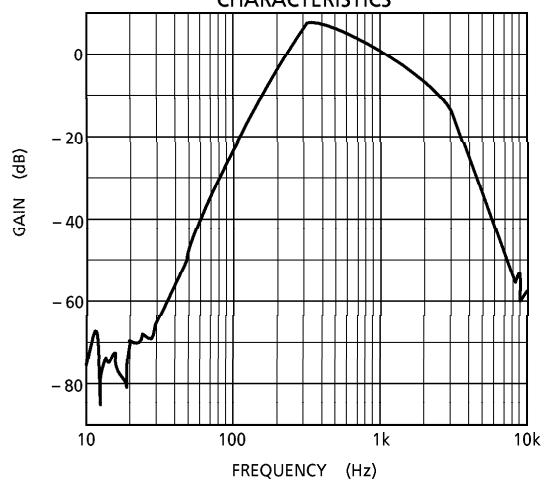
NOISE DETECTION SENSITIVITY, 12dB SENSITIVITY - TEMPERATURE



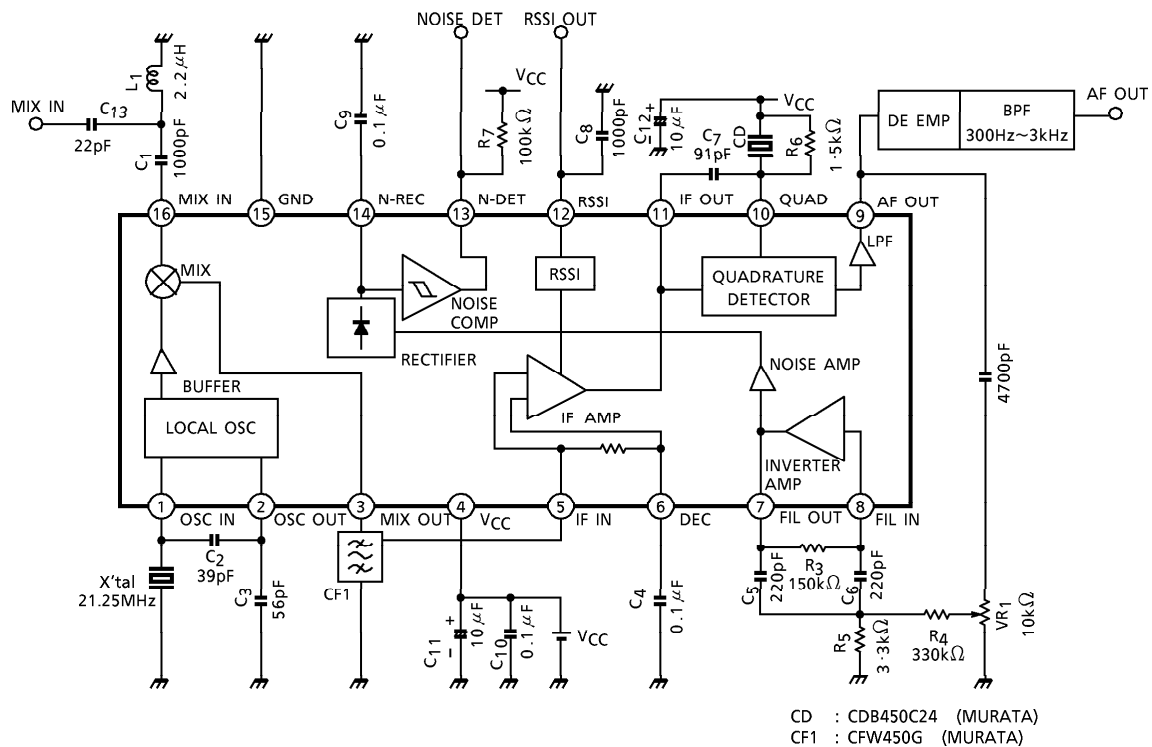
NOISE DETECTION SENSITIVITY, 12dB SENSITIVITY - TEMPERATURE (IN COIL DISCRIMINATOR USED)



DE-EMPHASIS + BPF CIRCUIT CHARACTERISTICS

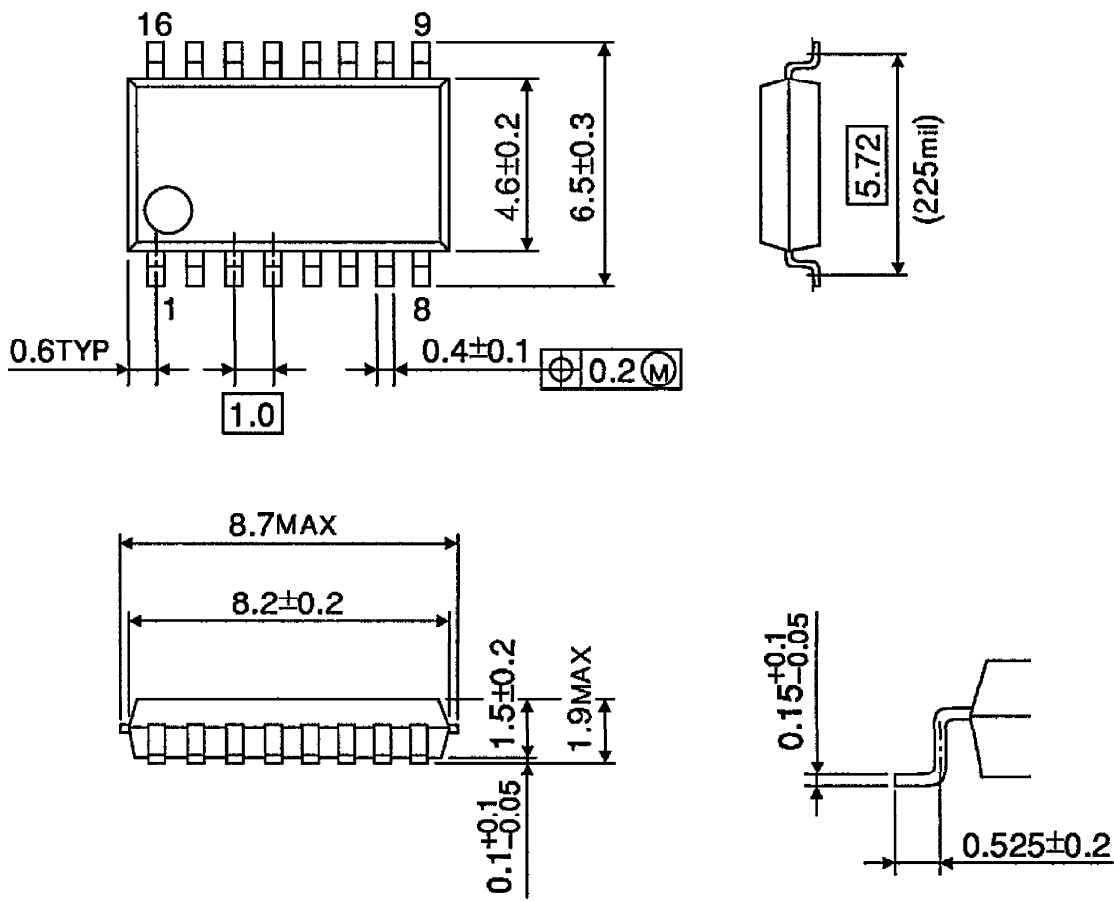


## APPLICATION CIRCUIT



OUTLINE DRAWING  
SSOP16-P-225-1.00A

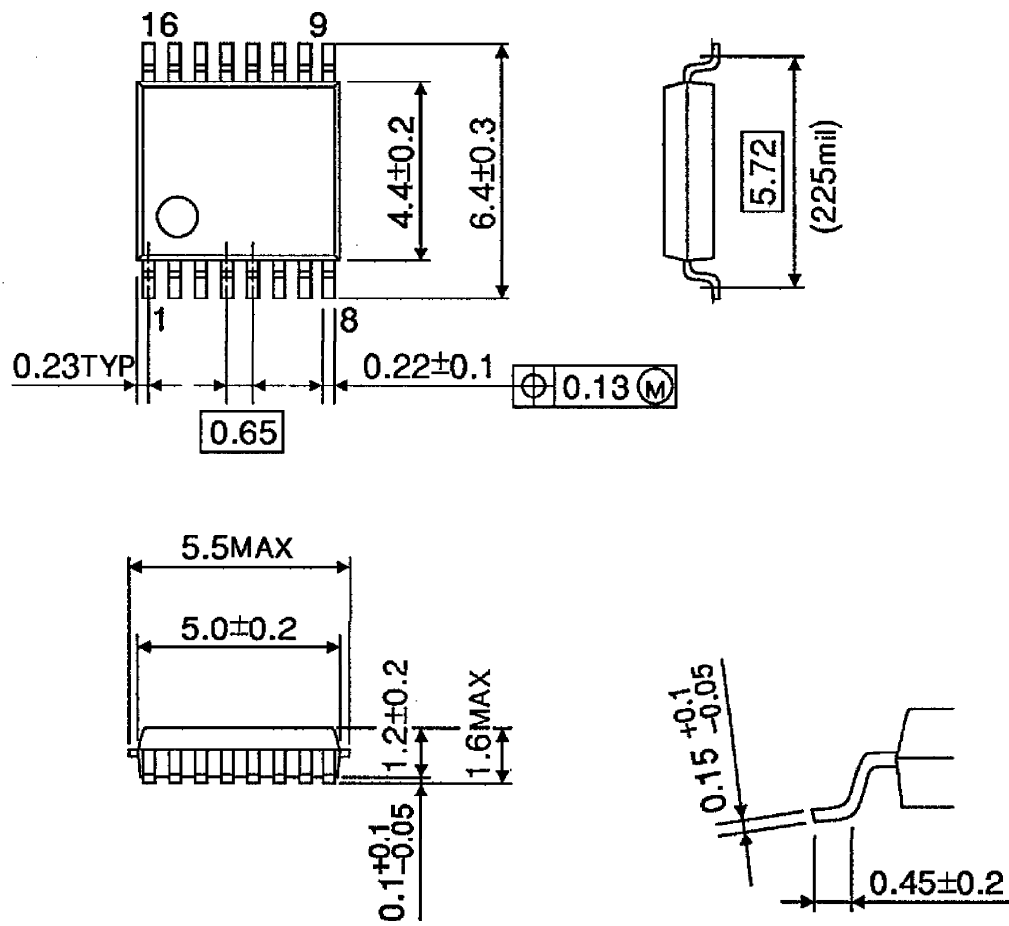
Unit : mm



Weight : 0.14g (Typ.)

OUTLINE DRAWING  
SSOP16-P-225-0.65B

Unit : mm



Weight : 0.07g (Typ.)